FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA PHILADELPHIA MUNICIPAL COURT President Judge Administrative Order

No. 6 of 2021

In re: <u>Residential Eviction Moratorium and Exceptions. Service of Writs and</u> <u>Alias Writs of Possession</u>

<u>ORDER</u>

AND NOW, this 30th day of January, 2021, pursuant to Pa.R.J.A. No. 1952(B)(2), and recognizing that the September 1, 2020 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Order temporarily halting certain evictions nationwide (CDC Order) has been extended through March 31, 2021, it is hereby ORDERED AND DECREED that:

- No alias writs of possession issued by the Philadelphia Municipal Court shall be served in any residential case (i.e., no residential evictions) until after March 31, 2021, except upon order of court previously entered or upon good cause shown as provided in this order.
- (2) In residential cases, Plaintiff Landlords who have not already obtained an exemption who have obtained a judgement of possession may seek leave of court to be exempted from the moratorium imposed by Section (1) above by filing a petition, supported by exhibit(s) and sworn affidavits or declarations subject to the penalty of perjury, establishing good cause to serve a writ of possession or an alias writ of possession, pursuant to any of the following bases:
 - (a) Good faith belief based on first-hand knowledge that the tenant has already vacated the unit/property.
 - (b) Breach of the lease terms, such as alleged criminal conduct or damage to the property, served as the basis for the Judgement of Possession. Habitual nonpayment, late payment of rent or non-payment of utilities shall not be good cause under this order. Plaintiff Landlords should demonstrate a material breach in support of their petition.
 - (c) Other compelling basis not specifically enumerated above, which shall be strictly scrutinized to ensure that the negative effects of a residential eviction during the pandemic are mitigated to the satisfaction of the Court.
- (3) Notwithstanding the relief available as provided in Section (2) above, Plaintiff Landlords are not entitled to request leave of court for permission to serve writs of possession or alias writs of possession if the eviction is otherwise prohibited by law, such as provided in the September 1, 2020 Order issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, as extended.
- (4) Calculation of the six-month period set forth in Rule 126(e) ("[a]n alias writ of possession may not be issued after six months from the date of the judgment for possession without leave of court") and the 180-day period for serving alias writs of

possession (the practice of the Philadelphia Municipal Court is to serve the alias writ of possession within 180 days from the entry of a judgment for possession), shall exclude the time from March 16, 2020 through and including December 31, 2020 from the computation of those time periods.

- (5) As of the date of this order, Landlords may proceed with the procurement and service of writs of possession without limitation. The Landlord Tenant Officer shall insert "March 31, 2021" as the date the Named Defendant, Tenants and Occupants are to vacate the premises ("You are hereby to vacate premises ... no later than _____.") on the writ of possession Cover Sheet.
- (6) The intent of this order is to permit the service of the first of the two writs required for a Plaintiff Landlord to seek possession throughout the period of time after March 31, 2021, in anticipation of the resumption of lockouts at some point in the future when conditions permit.
- (7) This Order supersedes conflicting provisions contained in any prior Administrative Order.

BY THE COURT:

/s/ Patrick F. Dugan

Patrick F. Dugan, President Judge Philadelphia Municipal Court